

OpenOCD Quick Reference Card

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Homepage: <http://openocd.berlios.de>

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Startup

`openocd -h` Print help

`[sudo] openocd -d <level>` Start server with default config `openocd.cfg`. Debug level 0 to 3 (0: error msgs, 1: warnings, 2: info msgs, 3: debug msgs, default is 2)

`[sudo] openocd -d <level> -f <config1> -f <config2> ...` Start server with multiple configuration files, e.g. for interface and board.

Configuration file directories for `board/`, `chip/`, `cpu/`, `interface/`, `target/` in
`$INSTDIR/share/openocd/scripts/`
Example `[sudo] openocd -d <level> -f interface/arm-usb-ocd.cfg -f board/olimex_sam7_ex256.cfg`

Debugging

`log_output file_name` redirect logging to a file (default: `stderr`) (command valid any time)

`ms` Returns ever increasing milliseconds. Used to calculate differences in time. (command valid any time)

`find [file]` print full path to file according to OpenOCD search rules (command valid any time)

`version` Show program version.

`reg [(register_name|register_number) [value]]` display or set a register; with no arguments, displays all registers and their values.

`targets [target]` change current default target (one parameter) or prints table of all targets (no parameters) (command valid any time)

`wait_halt [milliseconds]` wait up to the specified number of milliseconds (default 5) for a previously requested halt

`halt [milliseconds]` request target to halt, then wait up to the specified number of milliseconds (default 5) for it to complete

`resume [address]` Resume the target at the current position or at `address`.

`stacktrace` returns the stacktrace as a list of triples: proc, file, line. The stack trace is reset when a new stack trace is being built after a new failure has occurred. (command valid any time)

`step [address]` Step one instruction from current PC or `address`.

`reset [run|halt|init]` Reset all targets into the specified mode. Default reset mode is run, if not given.

`reset_nag ['enable'|'disable']` Nag after each reset about options that could have been enabled to improve performance. (command valid any time)

`soft_reset_halt` Halt the target and do a soft reset.

`md[whb] ['phys'] address [count]` Display `count` words (32 bit), half-words (16 bit) or bytes at `address`. If `count` is omitted, one element is displayed.

`mw[whb] ['phys'] address value [count]` Write `value` at the word, half-word or byte location `address`.

`bp [address length ['hw']]` list or set hardware or software breakpoint. Length is 2 (thumb) or 4 byte (arm).

`rpb address` Remove breakpoint at address.

`wp [address length [('r' | 'w' | 'a') value [mask]]]` list (no params) or create watchpoints

`rwp address` Remove watchpoint at address.

`load_image filename address ['bin' | 'ihex' | 'elf' | 's19'] [min_address] [max_length]` Load image file to address.

`fast_load` loads active fast load image to current target - mainly for profiling purposes

```
fast_load_image filename address ['bin' |  
  'ihex' | 'elf' | 's19'] [min_address  
  [max_length]] Load image into server mem-  
  ory for later use by fast_load; primarily for  
  profiling (command valid any time).
```

```
dump_image <filename> <address> <size>  
  Dump size bytes of target memory starting  
  at address to a (binary) file.
```

Reset

```
jtag_ntrst_delay [milliseconds] delay after de-  
  asserting trst in ms (command valid any time)
```

```
jtag_ntrst_assert_width [milliseconds] delay  
  after asserting trst in ms (command valid any  
  time)
```

```
reset_config [none | trst_only | srst_only  
  | trst_and_srst] [srst_pulls_trst |  
  trst_pulls_srst | combined | separate]  
  [srst_gates_jtag | srst_nogate]  
  [trst_push_pull | trst_open_drain]  
  [srst_push_pull | srst_open_drain] config-  
  ure adapter reset behavior (command valid  
  any time)
```

```
jtag arp_init
```

```
jtag arp_init-reset
```

NOR Flash Commands

```
flash banks Display table with information about  
  flash banks. (command valid any time).
```

```
flash list Returns a list of details about the flash  
  banks. (command valid any time).
```

```
flash probe num Identify a flash bank.
```

```
flash erase_sector bank_id first last Erase a  
  range of sectors in a flash bank.
```

```
flash erase_address ['pad'] ['unlock']  
  address length
```

Erase flash sectors starting at address and con-
 tinuing for length bytes. If 'pad' is specified,
 data outside that range may also be erased:
 the start address may be decreased, and length
 increased, so that all of the first and last sec-
 tors are erased. If 'unlock' is specified, then the
 flash is unprotected before erasing.

```
flash fillw address word length Fill n words  
  with 32-bit value, starting at word address.  
  (No autoerase.)
```

```
flash fillh address halfword length Fill n  
  halfwords with 16-bit value, starting at word  
  address. (No autoerase.)
```

```
flash fillb address byte length Fill n bytes  
  with 8-bit value, starting at word address. (No  
  autoerase.)
```

```
flash write_bank num filename offset Write  
  binary data from file to flash bank, starting at  
  specified byte offset from the beginning of the  
  bank.
```

```
flash write_image [erase] [unlock] filename  
  [offset] [type]
```

Write an image to flash. Optionally first unpro-
 tect and/or erase the region to be used. Allow
 optional offset from beginning of bank (defaults
 to zero)

```
flash erase_check num Check erase state of all  
  blocks in a flash bank.
```

```
flash info num Print information about a flash  
  bank.
```

```
flash protect bank_id first_sector [last_sector  
  | 'last'] ('on' | 'off')
```

Turn protection on or off for a range of sectors
 in a given flash bank.

Note that each flash driver also adds specific com-
 mands, e.g. at91sam3 gpnvm and many others.

NOR Flash Configuration

```
flash bank bank_id driver_name base_address  
  size_bytes chip_width_bytes bus_width_bytes  
  target [driver_options ...]
```

Define a new bank with the given name, using
 the specified NOR flash driver. (configuration
 command)

Flash drivers are: cfi, stmsmi, aduc702x,
 at91sam3, at91sam7, avr, ecosflash, lpc2000,
 lpc288x, lpc2900, ocl, pic32mx, stellaris,
 stm32x, str7x, str9x, str9xpec, tms470.

```
flash init
```

Initialize flash devices. (configuration com-
 mand)

AT91SAM7 specific commands

```
flash erase <num> first_plane last_plane  
  at91sam7 gpnvm <num> <bit> '<set>' | 'clear'>  
  set or clear at91sam7 gpnvm bit
```

LPC2000 specific commands

```
lpc2000 part_id <num> print part id of lpc2000  
  flash bank num.
```

STM32x specific commands

```
stm32x lock <num> lock stm32 device  
  stm32x unlock <num> unlock stm32 device  
  stm32x options_read <num> read stm32 option  
  bytes  
  stm32x options_write <num> <SWWDG|HWWDG>  
  <RSTSTNDBY|NORSTSTNDBY> <RSTSTOP|NORSTSTOP>  
  write stm32 option bytes  
  stm32x mass_erase <num> mass erase flash memory
```

STR7X specific commands

```
str7x disable_jtag <bank>  
  str7x disable_jtag <bank> ok
```

STR9 specific commands

```
str9xpec enable_turbo <num> enable turbo mode,  
simply this will remove the str9 from the chain and  
talk directly to the embedded flash controller  
str9xpec disable_turbo <num> restore the str9  
into jtag chain
```

```
str9xpec lock <num> lock str9 device. The str9  
will only respond to an unlock command that will  
erase the device.
```

```
str9xpec unlock <num> unlock str9 device  
str9xpec options_read <num> read str9 option  
bytes  
str9xpec options_write <num> write str9 option  
bytes
```

STR9XPEC option byte config

```
str9xpec options_cmap <num> <bank0|bank1>  
configure str9 boot bank  
str9xpec options_lvdthd <num> <2.4v|2.7v>  
configure str9 lvd threshold  
str9xpec options_lvdsel <num> <vdd|vdd_vddq>  
configure str9 lvd source  
str9xpec options_lvdwarn <bank> <vdd|vdd_vddq>  
configure str9 lvd reset warning source  
str9xpec part_id <num> print part id of str9xpec  
flash bank num
```

Stellaris

```
stellaris gpnvm <num> <bit> <'set'|'clear'>  
set or clear stellaris gpnvm bit.
```

TMS470

```
tms470 flash_keyset <key0> <key1> <key2>  
<key3> TMS470 flash_keyset.  
tms470 osc_megahertz <MHz>  
tms470 plldis <0|1>
```

Ecosflash

```
ecosflash (*)
```

NAND Flash

```
nand list
```

```
nand probe num  
nand dump num filename offset length  
[oob_option]  
nand erase num [offset length]  
nand write num filename offset [option...]  
nand verify num filename offset [option...]  
nand check_bad_blocks num [offset length]  
nand info num  
nand raw_access num ('enable'|'disable')
```

NAND Flash Configuration

```
nand device name driver target [ configparams  
... ]
```

Current **NAND Drivers**: davinci, lpc3180, lpc32xx, orion, s3c2410, s3c2412, s3c2440, s3c2443, s3c6400, imx27, imx31, at91sam9, nuc910.

LPC3180 NAND Flash

```
lpc3180 select 'mlc'|'slc'
```

ARM

```
arm core_state ['arm' | 'thumb'] display/change  
ARM core state  
arm disassemble address [count ['thumb']]  
disassemble instructions  
arm mcr cpnum op1 CRn op2 CRm value write co-  
processor register  
arm mrc cpnum op1 CRn op2 CRm read coproces-  
sor register  
arm reg display ARM core registers
```

```
arm semihosting ['enable' | 'disable']  
activate support for semihosting operations
```

ARM7/9

```
arm7_9 dbgrq ['enable' | 'disable']  
arm7_9 dcc_downloads ['enable' | 'disable']  
arm7_9 fast_memory_access ['enable' |  
'disable']
```

ARM720

```
arm720t cp15 opcode [value]
```

ARM9

```
arm9 vector_catch ['all' | 'none' | list]
```

ARM920T

```
arm920t cache_info  
arm920t cp15 regnum [value]  
arm920t cp15i opcode [value [address]]  
arm920t read_cache filename  
arm920t read_mmuv2 filename
```

ARM926EJ-S

```
arm926ejs cache_info
```

ARM966E

```
arm966e cp15 regnum [value]
```

XScale

```
xscale analyze_trace  
xscale cache_clean_address address  
xscale cache_info  
xscale cp15 regnum [value]  
xscale debug_handler target address  
xscale dcache ['enable' | 'disable']  
xscale dump_trace filename  
xscale icache ['enable' | 'disable']  
xscale mmu ['enable' | 'disable']  
xscale trace_buffer ['enable' |  
'disable' ['fill' [n] | 'wrap']]  
xscale trace_image filename [offset [type]]  
xscale vector_catch [mask]
```

```
xscale vector_table [('low' | 'high') index  
value]
```

ARM11 (ARM v6)

```
arm11 memwrite burst ['enable' | 'disable']  
arm11 memwrite error_fatal ['enable' |  
'disable']  
arm11 step_irq_enable ['enable' | 'disable']  
arm11 vcr [value]
```

ARMv7 Debug Access Port

```
dap apid [num]  
dap apsel [num]  
dap baseaddr [num]  
dap info [num]  
dap memaccess [value]
```

Cortex-M3 specific commands

```
cortex_m3 maskisr ('on' | 'off')  
cortex_m3 vector_catch ['all' | 'none' |  
'list']  
cortex_m3 reset_config ('srst' | 'sysresetreq'  
| 'vectreset')
```

JTAG Commands

```
jtag names
```

scan_chain Print scan chain configuration.

```
drscan tap_name [num_bits value]* [-endstate'  
state_name] Execute Data Register (DR) scan  
for one TAP. Other TAPs must be in BYPASS  
mode.
```

flush_count Returns the number of times the
JTAG queue has been flushed.

```
irsan [tap_name instruction]* [-endstate'  
state_name] Execute Instruction Register  
(DR) scan. The specified opcodes are put  
into each TAP's IR, and other TAPs are put  
in BYPASS.
```

jtag_reset trst_active srst_active Set reset
line values. Value '1' is active, value '0' is
inactive.

```
pathmove start_state [next_state ...]
```

runttest num_cycles Move to Run-Test/Idle, and
issue TCK for num_cycles.

verify_ircapture ['enable' | 'disable']
Display or assign flag controlling whether
to verify values captured during Capture-IR.
(command valid any time)

verify_jtag ['enable' | 'disable'] Display or
assign flag controlling whether to verify values
captured during IR and DR scans. (command
valid any time)

jtag_flush_queue_sleep [sleep in ms] For de-
bug purposes(simulate long delays of interface)
to test performance or change in behavior. De-
fault 0ms. (command valid any time)

Adapter

interface driver_name (cfg) Select a debug
adapter interface (driver) (configuration
command). The current driver names are
amt_jtagaccel, arm-jtag-ew, at91rm9200,
dummy, ep93xx, ft2232, usb.blaster,
gw16012, jlink, parport, presto, rlink,
usbprog, vsllink, ZY1000.

Each adapter adds specific configuration com-
mands. Only the commands for ft2232 are
shown in section *Daemon / Configuration /
FT2232* below.

interface_transports transport ... Declare
transports the interface supports. (configura-
tion command)

interface_list List all built-in debug adapter
interfaces (drivers) (command valid any time)

adapter_khz [khz] With an argument, change to
the specified maximum jtag speed. For JTAG,
0 KHz signifies adaptive clocking. With or
without argument, display current setting.
(command valid any time)

See also: **jtag_khz**

Note: Max. JTAG-Clock $\approx \frac{1}{6} \times$ CPU-Clock.

jtag_rclk [fallback_speed_khz] With an argu-
ment, change to to use adaptive clocking if
possible; else to use the fallback speed. With
or without argument, display current setting.
(command valid any time)

adapter_name Returns the name of the currently
selected adapter (driver) (command valid any
time)

adapter_nsrst_assert_width [milliseconds]
delay after asserting SRST in ms (command
valid any time)

adapter_nsrst_delay [milliseconds] delay after
deasserting SRST in ms (command valid any
time)

power 'on' | 'off' Turn power switch to target
on/off. No arguments: print status

transport init Initialize this session's transport
(command valid any time)

transport list List all built-in transports (com-
mand valid any time)

Typical transports are JTAG, SWD and SPI.

transport select [transport_name] Select this
session's transport (command valid any time)

Target

target count Returns the number of targets as an
integer (DEPRECATED) (command valid any
time)

target create name type '-chain-position'
name [options ...] Creates and selects a new target (command valid any time)

target configure configparams... The options accepted by this command may also be specified as parameters to 'target create'. Their values can later be queried one at a time by using the '\$target_name cget' command.

\$target_name configure configparams...

\$target_name arp_examine

\$target_name arp_halt

\$target_name arp_poll

\$target_name arp_reset

\$target_name arp_waitstate

\$target_name array2mem arrayname width
address count

\$target_name mem2array arrayname width
address count

\$target_name cget queryparam

target current Returns the currently selected target (command valid any time)

target names Returns the names of all targets as a list of strings (command valid any time)

target init initialize targets (configuration command)

target types Returns the available target types as a list of strings (command valid any time)

Currently supported CPU types: arm11, arm720t, arm7tdmi, arm920t, arm926ejs, arm966e, arm9tdmi, avr, cortex_a8, cortex_m3, dragonite, dsp563xx, fa526, feroceon, mips_m4k, xscale.

**target_request debugmsgs ['enable' |
'charmsg' | 'disable']** display and/or
modify reception of debug messages from tar-
get

trace history ['clear' | 'count']

trace point ['clear' | 'identifier']

Command

command mode [command_name ...] Returns the command modes allowed by a command:'any', 'config', or 'exec'.

command type command_name [...] Returns the type of built-in command:'native', 'simple', 'group', or 'unknown'.

Miscellaneous

echo [-n] string Logs a message at "user" priority. Output message to stdout. Option "-n" suppresses trailing newline (command valid any time)

add_usage_text command_name usage_string Add new command usage text; command can be multiple tokens. (command valid any time)

srst_deasserted Overridable procedure run when srst deassert is detected. Runs 'reset init' by default. (command valid any time)

verify_image filename [offset [type]] XXX
what does it do?

test_image filename [offset [type]] XXX
what does it do?

add_help_text command_name helptext_string
Add new command help text; Command can be multiple tokens. (command valid any time)

add_script_search_dir dir to search for config files and scripts (command valid any time)

noinit Prevent 'init' from being called at startup.
(configuration command)

gdb_sync Next stepi will return immediately allowing GDB to fetch register state without affecting target state (command valid any time)

virt2phys virtual_address translate a virtual address into a physical address (command valid any time)

profile profiling samples the CPU PC

power_restore Overridable procedure run when power restore is detected. Runs 'reset init' by default. (command valid any time)

Daemon

sleep milliseconds ['busy'] Sleep for specified number of milliseconds. "busy" will busy wait instead (avoid this). (command valid any time)

shutdown shut the server down (command valid any time)

debug_level <n> Sets the verbosity level of debug-
ging output. 0 shows errors only; 1 adds warn-
ings; 2 (default) adds other info; 3 adds debug-
ging.

log_output <file>

script <file> filename of OpenOCD script (tcl) to run (command valid any time)

gdb_detach [resume|reset|halt|nothing] NEW
exit Exit telnet session.

help [command_name] Show full command help;
command can be multiple tokens. (command valid any time)

usage Show command usage.

Daemon Configuration

init (cfg) Initializes configured targets and servers. Changes command mode from CONFIG to EXEC. Unless 'noinit' is called, this command is called automatically at the end of startup. (command valid any time)

jtag_init (proc)

gdb_port [port_num] (def. 3333) Normally gdb listens to a TCP/IP port. Each subsequent GDB server listens for the next port number after the base port number specified. No arguments reports GDB port. "pipe" means listen to stdin output to stdout, an integer is base port number, "disable" disables port. Any other string is interpreted as named pipe to listen to. Output pipe is the same name as input pipe, but with 'o' appended. (command valid any time)

tcl_port [port_num] Specify port on which to listen for incoming Tcl syntax. Read help on 'gdb_port'. (configuration command)

telnet_port <port> (def. 4444) Listen for telnet connections on *port*

gdb_breakpoint_override ('hard' | 'soft' | 'disable') Display or specify type of breakpoint to be used by gdb 'break' commands. (command valid any time)

gdb_flash_program <'enable'|'disable'> Enable or disable flash program (configuration command)

gdb_memory_map <'enable'|'disable'> Enable or disable memory map (configuration command).

gdb_report_data_abort ('enable'|'disable') Enable or disable reporting data aborts (configuration command)

poll ['on'|'off'] Print information about the current target state. If the target is in debug mode, architecture specific information about

the current state are printed. Enable or disable continuous polling with optional parameter.

FT2232

ft2232_device_desc <description> USB device *description*. Use usbview or similar tool to get this string.

ft2232_serial serial_string set the serial number of the FTDI FT2232 device (configuration command)

ft2232_layout layout Some layout values are usbjtag, jtagkey, jtagkey_prototype_v1, oocdlink, olimex-jtag, signalyzer, flyswatter, tutelizer2, comstick, evb_lm3s811 .

ft2232_vid_pid vid pid the vendor ID and product ID of the FTDI FT2232 device (configuration command)

ft2232_latency <msec> set the FT2232 latency timer to a new value (configuration command)

XSVF

xsvf <devnum> <file> Program Xilinx Coolrunner CPLD

XSVF

- **Eproo OpenOCD USB Adapter (JTAG + RS-232)**

<http://www.eopro.net>

- **ARM-USB-JTAG, ARM-USB-TINY**

<http://www.olimex.com>

- **Signayzer**

<http://www.xverve.com>

- **Tutelizer**

<http://www.ethernut.de/en/hardware/tutelizer>

- **Versaloon**

<http://www.versaloon.com>

- **OOCDDLink/Small** (Jörn Kaipf)

<http://www.joernonline.de>

- **USBprog**

<http://code.google.com/p/usbprog-jtag/>

- many others

Compilation

./bootstrap

./configure [options]

make

make install

Example (for JLink and and FT2232-based adapters, installation in /home/user/local/)

./configure --prefix=/home/user/local/ --enable-jlink --enable-ft2232-libftdi

Print available options with ./configure --help.

Commandline Options

Open On-Chip Debugger

0.5.0-dev-00746-g177fe9d-dirty
(2011-02-14-15:25)

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For bug reports, read

<http://openocd.berlios.de/doc/doxygen/bugs.html>

Open On-Chip Debugger

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--help | -h display this help

--version | -v display OpenOCD version

--file | -f use configuration file <name>

--search | -s dir to search for config files and scripts

--debug | -d set debug level <0-3>

--log_output | -l redirect log output to file <name>

--command | -c run <command>

GDB

Startup (replace arm-gdb with your debugger name)
arm-gdb [-x <file>] Execute GDB commands from file.

arm-gdbtui Text user interface

cgdb -d arm-gdb -x <file> Run cgdb front end.

ddd --debugger arm-gdb -x <file> Run graphical ddd front end.

IDEs with gdb integration: Codeblocks, Anjuta, Eclipse.

Some GDB commands

```
(gdb) target remote localhost:3333      contact  
target at localhost, portnumber 3333.  
  
(gdb) monitor reset halt  
  
(gdb) set remote hardware-watchpoint-limit  
2 only two hardware breakpoints available  
  
(gdb) set remote hardware-breakpoint-limit  
2 only two hardware breakpoints available  
  
set mem inaccessible-by-default off
```

Telnet

Start telnet when OpenOCD is running:

```
hhoeegl@egg:$ telnet localhost 4444  
Trying 127.0.0.1...  
Connected to localhost.  
Escape character is '^]'.  
Open On-Chip Debugger  
>
```

Type **help** on the telnet prompt to see a list of available commands. Type **exit** to quit.

Tcl Scripting

XXX to do

Jim Tcl Dokumenyation in OpenOCD installation:

/local/doc/jim/Tcl.html

Jim shell local/bin/jimsh

Python Scripting

The telnet interface can easily be automated by a program. High-level language Python (www.python.org) demonstrates this.

Example using **telnetlib**:

```
import telnetlib  
tn = telnetlib.Telnet("localhost", 4444)  
TIMEOUT = 1.0  
  
def mww(addr, data):
```

```
tn.write("mww %s %s\n" % (addr, data))  
(result, mobj, str) = tn.expect([".*\n"], TIMEOUT)  
return  
  
def mdw(addr):  
    tn.write("mdw %s\n" % addr)  
(result, mobj, str) = tn.expect(\  
    [".*\n(.*)\n(.*)\n"], TIMEOUT)  
    if mobj:  
        return string.atoi(\  
            mobj.groups()[2].strip(), 16)
```

Example using **pexpect**:

```
import pexpect  
  
def mww(addr, data):  
    child.sendline("mww 0x%x 0x%x" % \  
                  (addr, data))  
    child.expect("> ")  
  
def mdw(addr):  
    child.sendline("mdw 0x%x" % addr)  
    child.expect("> ")  
    n = child.before.find(':')  
    return string.atoi(child.before[n+1:], 16)
```

Further information

- Get **current version** from git repository

```
GIT=openocd.git.sourceforge.net  
git clone git://$GIT/gitroot/openocd/openocd
```

- For **OpenOCD documentation** in texinfo format see directory <INSTDIR>/share/info. Read online with GNU info reader **info openocd.info**.

- **OpenOCD User Forum** at Spark Fun Electronics

<http://forum.sparkfun.com/viewforum.php?f=18>

- Mailing List “openocd-development”
<http://lists.berlios.de/mailman/listinfo/openocd-development>

- **Yagarto ARM toolchain for Windows**

<http://www.yagarto.de>

- Martin Thomas, **Accessing ARM-Controllers with OpenOCD** http://www.siawi.arubi.uni-kl.de/avr_projects/arm_projects/openocd_intro/index.html

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